

NOTIFICATION**Sub: Amendment to Ordinance V****[E.C Resolution No. 18-1/ (18-1-4) dated 18.08.2022]**

Following addition be made to Appendix-II-A to the Ordinance V (2-A) of the Ordinances of the University;

Add the following:

Syllabi of Semester-I of the following departments under Faculty of Mathematical Sciences based on Under Graduate Curriculum Framework -2022 to be implemented from the Academic Year 2022-23.

FACULTY OF MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES**DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS****B.SC. (H) MATHEMATICS****Category-I****DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE – 1: ALGEBRA****CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE**

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course (if any)
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		
Algebra	4	3	1	0	Class XII pass with Mathematics	Nil

Learning Objectives

The primary objective of this course is to introduce:

- The basic tools of theory of equations, number theory, and group theory.
- Symmetry group of a plane figure, basic concepts of cyclic groups.
- Classification of subgroups of cyclic groups.

Learning Outcomes:

This course will enable the students to:

- Determine number of positive/negative real roots of a real polynomial.

- Solve cubic and quartic polynomial equations with special condition on roots and in general.
- Employ De-Moivre's theorem in a number of applications to solve numerical problems.
- Use modular arithmetic and basic properties of congruences.
- Recognize the algebraic structure, namely groups, and classify subgroups of cyclic groups.

SYLLABUS OF DSC-1

Theory

Unit – 1 (24 hours)

Theory of Equations and Complex Numbers

General properties of polynomials and equations, Fundamental theorem of algebra, Relations between the roots and the coefficients, Upper bounds for the real roots; Theorems on imaginary, integral and rational roots; Newton's method for integral roots, Descartes' rule of signs; De-Moivre's theorem for integer and rational indices and their applications, The n th roots of unity, Cardan's solution of the cubic, Descartes' solution of the quartic equation.

Unit – 2 (16 hours)

Basic Number Theory

Division algorithm in \mathbb{Z} , Divisibility and the Euclidean algorithm, Fundamental theorem of arithmetic, Modular arithmetic and basic properties of congruences.

Unit – 3 (20 hours)

Basics of Group Theory

Groups, Basic properties, Symmetries of a square, Dihedral group, Order of a group, Order of an element, Subgroups, Center of a group, Centralizer of an element, Cyclic groups and properties, Generators of a cyclic group, Classification of subgroups of cyclic groups.

Practical component (if any) - NIL

Essential Readings

1. Andreescu, Titu & Andrica, D. (2014). Complex numbers from A to...Z. (2nd ed.). Birkhäuser.
2. Dickson, Leonard Eugene (2009). First Course in the Theory of Equations. John Wiley & Sons, Inc. The Project Gutenberg eBook: <http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/29785>
3. Gallian, Joseph. A. (2017). Contemporary Abstract Algebra (9th ed.). Cengage Learning India Private Limited, Delhi. Indian Reprint 2021.
4. Goodaire, Edgar G., & Parmenter, Michael M. (2006). Discrete Mathematics with Graph Theory (3rd ed.). Pearson Education Pvt. Ltd. Indian Reprint 2018.

Suggestive Readings

- Burnside, W.S., & Panton, A.W. (1979), The Theory of Equations, Vol. 1. Eleventh

Edition, (Fourth Indian Reprint. S. Chand & Co. New Delhi), Dover Publications, Inc.

- Burton, David M. (2011). Elementary Number Theory (7th ed.). McGraw-Hill Education Pvt. Ltd. Indian Reprint.
- Rotman, Joseph J. (1995). An Introduction to The Theory of Groups (4th ed.). Springer-Verlag, New York.

Note: Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination Branch, University of Delhi, from time to time.

**DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE – 2:
ELEMENTARY REAL ANALYSIS**

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course (if any)
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		
Elementary Real Analysis	4	3	1	0	Class XII pass with Mathematics	NIL

Learning Objectives

The course will develop a deep and rigorous understanding of:

- Real line \mathbb{R} with algebraic.
- Order and completeness properties to prove the results about convergence and divergence of sequences and series of real numbers.

Learning Outcomes

This course will enable the students to:

- Understand the fundamental properties of the real numbers, including completeness and Archimedean, and density property of rational numbers in \mathbb{R} .
- Learn to define sequences in terms of functions from \mathbb{N} to a subset of \mathbb{R} and find the limit.
- Recognize bounded, convergent, divergent, Cauchy and monotonic sequences and to calculate the limit superior and limit inferior of a bounded sequence.
- Apply limit comparison, ratio, root, and alternating series tests for convergence and absolute convergence of infinite series of real numbers.

SYLLABUS OF DSC - 2

**Theory
Unit – 1**

(16 hours)

Real Number System

Algebraic and order properties of \mathbb{R} , Absolute value of a real number, Bounded above and bounded below sets, Supremum and infimum of a non-empty subset of \mathbb{R} , The completeness property of \mathbb{R} , Archimedean property, Density of rational numbers in \mathbb{R} .

Unit – 2

(24 hours)

Sequences

Sequences and their limits, Convergent sequence, Limit theorems, Monotone sequences, Monotone convergence theorem, Subsequences, Bolzano-Weierstrass theorem for sequences, Limit superior and limit inferior for bounded sequence, Cauchy sequence, Cauchy's convergence criterion.

Unit – 3

(20 hours)

Infinite Series

Convergence and divergence of infinite series of real numbers, Necessary condition for convergence, Cauchy criterion for convergence, Tests for convergence of positive term series, Integral test, Basic comparison test, Limit comparison test, D'Alembert's ratio test, Cauchy's nth root test, Raabe's test, Alternating series, Leibniz test, Absolute and conditional convergence.

Practical component (if any) – NIL

Essential Readings

1. Bartle, Robert G., & Sherbert, Donald R. (2011). Introduction to Real Analysis (4th ed.). John Wiley & Sons. Wiley India Edition 2015.
2. Bilodeau, Gerald G., Thie, Paul R., & Keough, G. E. (2010). An Introduction to Analysis (2nd ed.). Jones and Bartlett India Pvt. Ltd. Student Edition. Reprinted 2015.
3. Denlinger, Charles G. (2011). Elements of Real Analysis. Jones and Bartlett India Pvt. Ltd. Student Edition. Reprinted 2015.

Suggestive Readings

- Aliprantis C. D., & Burkinshaw, O. (1998). Principles of Real Analysis (3rd ed.). Academic Press.
- Ross, Kenneth A. (2013). Elementary Analysis: The Theory of Calculus (2nd ed.). Undergraduate Texts in Mathematics, Springer. Indian reprint.
- Thomson, B. S., Bruckner, A. M., & Bruckner, J. B. (2001). Elementary Real Analysis. Prentice Hall.

Note: Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination Branch, University of Delhi, from time to time.

**DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE – 3:
PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS**

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course (if any)
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		
Probability and Statistics	4	3	0	1	Class XII pass with Mathematics	NIL

Learning Objectives

The Learning Objectives of this course are as follows:

- To make the students familiar with the basic statistical concepts and tools which are needed to study situations involving uncertainty or randomness.
- To render the students to several examples and exercises that blend their everyday experiences with their scientific interests to form the basis of data science.

Learning Outcomes

This course will enable the students to:

- Understand some basic concepts and terminology - population, sample, descriptive and inferential statistics including stem-and-leaf plots, dotplots, histograms and boxplots.
- Learn about probability density functions and various univariate distributions such as binomial, hypergeometric, negative binomial, Poisson, normal, exponential and lognormal.
- Understand the remarkable fact that the empirical frequencies of so many natural populations, exhibit bell-shaped (i.e., normal) curves, using the Central Limit Theorem.
- Measure the scale of association between two variables, and to establish a formulation helping to predict one variable in terms of the other, i.e., correlation and linear regression.

SYLLABUS OF DSC – 3

Theory

Unit – 1

(15 hours)

Descriptive Statistics, Probability, and Discrete Probability Distributions

Descriptive statistics: Populations, Samples, Stem-and-leaf displays, Dotplots, Histograms, Qualitative data, Measures of location, Measures of variability, Boxplots; Sample spaces and events, Probability axioms and properties, Conditional probability, Bayes' theorem and independent events; Discrete random variables and probability

distributions, Expected values; Probability distributions: Binomial, geometric, hypergeometric, negative binomial, Poisson, and Poisson distribution as a limit.

Unit – 2 (15 hours)

Continuous Probability Distributions

Continuous random variables, Probability density functions, Uniform distribution, Cumulative distribution functions and expected values, The normal, exponential and lognormal distributions.

Unit – 3 (15 hours)

Central Limit Theorem and Regression Analysis

Sampling distribution and standard error of the sample mean, Central Limit Theorem and applications; Scatterplot of bivariate data, Regression line using principle of least squares, Estimation using the regression lines; Sample correlation coefficient and properties.

Practical (30 hours)

Software labs using Microsoft Excel or any other spreadsheet.

- 1) Presentation and analysis of data (univariate and bivariate) by frequency tables, descriptive statistics, stem-and-leaf plots, dotplots, histograms, boxplots, comparative boxplots, and probability plots ([1] Section 4.6).
- 2) Fitting of binomial, Poisson and normal distributions.
- 3) Illustrating the Central Limit Theorem through Excel.
- 4) Fitting of regression line using the principle of least squares.
- 5) Computation of sample correlation coefficient.

Essential Reading

1. Devore, Jay L. (2016). Probability and Statistics for Engineering and the Sciences (9th ed.). Cengage Learning India Private Limited. Delhi. Indian Reprint 2020.

Suggestive Reading

- Mood, A. M., Graybill, F. A., & Boes, D. C. (1974). Introduction to the Theory of Statistics (3rd ed.). Tata McGraw-Hill Pub. Co. Ltd. Reprinted 2017.

Note: Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination Branch, University of Delhi, from time to time.

B.A. (Prog.) with Mathematics as Major

Category II

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE – 1: ELEMENTS OF DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course (if any)
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		
Elements of Discrete Mathematics	4	3	1	0	Class XII pass with Mathematics	Nil

Learning Objectives

Students are introducing to:

- Order (or partial order) and related properties.
- Notion of a lattice which is also a step towards abstract algebra.
- Concept of Boolean algebra and its applications to minimizing a Boolean polynomial and switching circuits, which has further applications in computer science.

Learning outcomes

This course will enable the students to:

- Understand the basic concepts of sets, relations, functions, and induction.
- Understand mathematical logic and logical operations to various fields.
- Understand the notion of order and maps between partially ordered sets.
- Minimize a Boolean polynomial and apply Boolean algebra techniques to decode switching circuits.

SYLLABUS OF DSC - 1

Theory

Unit – 1

(24 hours)

Sets, Relations and Functions

Sets, Propositions and logical operations, Conditional statements, Mathematical induction, Relations and equivalence relation, Equivalence classes, Partial order relation, Partially ordered set, Hasse diagrams, Chain, Maximal and minimal elements, least and greatest elements, Least upper bound, Greatest lower bound, Zorn's lemma, Functions and bijective functions, Functions between POSETS, Order isomorphism.

Unit – 2

(16 hours)

Lattices

Lattice as a POSET, Lattice as an algebra and their equivalence, Bounded lattices, Sublattices, Interval in a lattice, Products and homomorphism of lattices, Isomorphism of lattices; Distributive, Complemented, Partition and pentagonal lattices.

Unit – 3

(20 hours)

Boolean Algebra and Switching Circuits

Boolean algebra, De Morgan's laws, Boolean expressions, Truth tables, Logic diagrams, Boolean functions, Disjunctive normal forms (as join of meets), Minimal forms of Boolean polynomials, Quine Mc-Cluskey method, Karnaugh maps, Switching circuits, Applications of switching circuits.

Practical component (if any) – NIL

Essential Readings

- Rudolf Lidl, & Gunter Pilz (2004). Applied Abstract Algebra (2nd ed.). Undergraduate text in Mathematics, Springer (SIE), Indian Reprint.
- Bernard Kolman, Robert C. Busby, & Sharon Cutler Ross (2009). Discrete Mathematical Structures (6th ed.). Pearson education Inc., Indian reprint.

Suggestive Reading

- Rosen, Kenneth H. (2017). Discrete Mathematics and its applications with combinatorics and Graph Theory (7th ed.). McGraw Hill Education.

Note: Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination Branch, University of Delhi, from time to time.

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE – 2: TOPICS IN CALCULUS

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course (if any)
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		
Topics in Calculus	4	3	1	0	Class XII pass with Mathematics	Nil

Learning Objectives

The primary objective of this course is to:

- Introduce the basic tools of calculus which are helpful in understanding their applications in many real-world problems.
- Understand/create various mathematical models in everyday life.

Learning Outcomes

This course will enable the students to:

- Understand continuity and differentiability in terms of limits and graphs of certain functions.
- Describe asymptotic behaviour in terms of limits involving infinity.
- Use of derivatives to explore the behaviour of a given function locating and classify its

extrema and graphing the function.

- Apply the concepts of asymptotes, and inflexion points in tracing of cartesian curves.
- Compute the reduction formulae of standard transcendental functions with applications.

SYLLABUS OF DSC - 2

Theory

Unit – 1 (20 hours)

Limits, Continuity and Differentiability

Limit of a function, ε - δ definition of a limit, Infinite limits, Continuity and types of discontinuities; Differentiability of a function, Successive differentiation: Calculation of the n th derivatives, Leibnitz theorem; Partial differentiation, Euler's theorem on homogeneous functions.

Unit – 2 (20 hours)

Mean Value Theorems and its Applications

Rolle's theorem, Mean value theorems and applications to monotonic functions and inequalities; Taylor's theorem, Taylor's series, Maclaurin's series expansions of e^x , $\sin x$, $\cos x$, $\log(1+x)$ and $(1+x)^m$; Indeterminate forms.

Unit – 3 (20 hours)

Tracing of Curves and Reduction Formulae

Asymptotes (parallel to axes and oblique), Concavity and inflexion points, Singular points, Tangents at the origin and nature of singular points, Curve tracing (cartesian and polar equations). Reduction formulae for $\int \sin^n x dx$, $\int \cos^n x dx$, and $\int \sin^m x \cos^n x dx$ and their applications.

Practical component (if any) – NIL

Essential Readings

- Prasad, Gorakh (2016). Differential Calculus (19th ed.). Pothishala Pvt. Ltd. Allahabad.
- Prasad, Gorakh (2015). Integral Calculus. Pothishala Pvt. Ltd. Allahabad.

Suggestive Readings

- Apostol, T. M. (2007). Calculus: One-Variable Calculus with An Introduction to Linear Algebra (2nd ed.). Vol. 1. Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
- Ross, Kenneth. A. (2013). Elementary Analysis: The Theory of Calculus (2nd ed.). Undergraduate Texts in Mathematics, Springer. Indian reprint.

Note: Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination Branch, University of Delhi, from time to time.

B.A/ B.Sc. (Prog.) with Mathematics as Non-Major

Category III

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE: TOPICS IN CALCULUS

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course (if any)
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		
Topics in Calculus	4	3	1	0	Class XII pass with Mathematics	Nil

Learning Objectives

The primary objective of this course is to:

- Introduce the basic tools of calculus which are helpful in understanding their applications in many real-world problems.
- Understand/create various mathematical models in everyday life.

Learning outcomes

This course will enable the students to:

- Understand continuity and differentiability in terms of limits and graphs of certain functions.
- Describe asymptotic behaviour in terms of limits involving infinity.
- Use of derivatives to explore the behaviour of a given function locating and classify its extrema and graphing the function.
- Apply the concepts of asymptotes, and inflexion points in tracing of cartesian curves.
- Compute the reduction formulae of standard transcendental functions with applications.

SYLLABUS OF DSC

Theory

Unit – 1

(20 hours)

Limits, Continuity and Differentiability

Limit of a function, $\varepsilon - \delta$ definition of a limit, Infinite limits, Continuity and types of discontinuities; Differentiability of a function, Successive differentiation: Calculation of the nth derivatives, Leibnitz theorem; Partial differentiation, Euler's theorem on homogeneous functions.

Unit – 2

(20 hours)

Mean Value Theorems and its Applications

Rolle's theorem, Mean value theorems and applications to monotonic functions and inequalities; Taylor's theorem, Taylor's series, Maclaurin's series expansions of e^x , $\sin x$, $\cos x$, $\log(1+x)$ and $(1+x)^m$; Indeterminate forms.

Unit – 3

(20 hours)

Tracing of Curves and Reduction Formulae

Asymptotes (parallel to axes and oblique), Concavity and inflexion points, Singular points, Tangents at the origin and nature of singular points, Curve tracing (cartesian and polar equations). Reduction formulae for $\int \sin^n x dx$, $\int \cos^n x dx$, and $\int \sin^m x \cos^n x dx$ and their applications.

Practical component (if any) – NIL

Essential Readings

- Prasad, Gorakh (2016). Differential Calculus (19th ed.). Pothishala Pvt. Ltd. Allahabad.
- Prasad, Gorakh (2015). Integral Calculus. Pothishala Pvt. Ltd. Allahabad.

Suggestive Readings

- Apostol, T. M. (2007). Calculus: One-Variable Calculus with An Introduction to Linear Algebra (2nd ed.). Vol. 1. Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
- Ross, Kenneth. A. (2013). Elementary Analysis: The Theory of Calculus (2nd ed.). Undergraduate Texts in Mathematics, Springer. Indian reprint.

Note: Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination Branch, University of Delhi, from time to time.

B.Sc. (Physical Sciences/ Mathematical Sciences) with Mathematics as one of the Core Disciplines

Category III

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE: TOPICS IN CALCULUS

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course (if any)
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		
Topics in Calculus	4	3	1	0	Class XII pass with Mathematics	Nil

Learning Objectives

The primary objective of this course is to:

- Introduce the basic tools of calculus which are helpful in understanding their applications in many real-world problems.
- Understand/create various mathematical models in everyday life.

Learning outcomes

This course will enable the students to:

- Understand continuity and differentiability in terms of limits and graphs of certain functions.
- Describe asymptotic behaviour in terms of limits involving infinity.
- Use of derivatives to explore the behaviour of a given function locating and classify its extrema and graphing the function.
- Apply the concepts of asymptotes, and inflexion points in tracing of cartesian curves.
- Compute the reduction formulae of standard transcendental functions with applications.

SYLLABUS OF DSC

Theory

Unit – 1

(20 hours)

Limits, Continuity and Differentiability

Limit of a function, $\epsilon - \delta$ definition of a limit, Infinite limits, Continuity and types of discontinuities; Differentiability of a function, Successive differentiation: Calculation of the nth derivatives, Leibnitz theorem; Partial differentiation, Euler's theorem on homogeneous functions.

Unit – 2**(20 hours)****Mean Value Theorems and its Applications**

Rolle's theorem, Mean value theorems and applications to monotonic functions and inequalities; Taylor's theorem, Taylor's series, Maclaurin's series expansions of e^x , $\sin x$, $\cos x$, $\log(1+x)$ and $(1+x)^m$; Indeterminate forms.

Unit – 3**(20 hours)****Tracing of Curves and Reduction Formulae**

Asymptotes (parallel to axes and oblique), Concavity and inflexion points, Singular points, Tangents at the origin and nature of singular points, Curve tracing (cartesian and polar equations). Reduction formulae for $\int \sin^n x dx$, $\int \cos^n x dx$, and $\int \sin^m x \cos^n x dx$ and their applications.

Practical component (if any) – NIL**Essential Readings**

- Prasad, Gorakh (2016). Differential Calculus (19th ed.). Pothishala Pvt. Ltd. Allahabad.
- Prasad, Gorakh (2015). Integral Calculus. Pothishala Pvt. Ltd. Allahabad.

Suggestive Readings

- Apostol, T. M. (2007). Calculus: One-Variable Calculus with An Introduction to Linear Algebra (2nd ed.). Vol. 1. Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
- Ross, Kenneth. A. (2013). Elementary Analysis: The Theory of Calculus (2nd ed.). Undergraduate Texts in Mathematics, Springer. Indian reprint.

Note: Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination Branch, University of Delhi, from time to time.

**COMMON POOL OF GENERIC ELECTIVES (GE) COURSES
OFFERED BY DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS
CATEGORY-IV**

GENERIC ELECTIVES: FUNDAMENTALS OF CALCULUS

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course (if any)
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		
Fundamentals of Calculus	4	3	1	0	Class XII pass with Mathematics	NIL

Learning Objectives

The Learning Objectives of this course is as follows:

- Understand the quantitative change in the behaviour of the variables and apply them on the problems related to the environment.

Learning Outcomes

Upon completion of this course, students will be able to:

- Understand continuity and differentiability in terms of limits.
- Describe asymptotic behavior in terms of limits involving infinity.
- Understand the importance of mean value theorems and its applications.
- Learn about Maclaurin's series expansion of elementary functions.
- Use derivatives to explore the behavior of a given function, locating and classifying its extrema, and graphing the polynomial and rational functions.

SYLLABUS OF GE

Theory

Unit – 1 (20 hours)

Continuity and Differentiability of Functions

Limits and continuity, Types of discontinuities; Differentiability of functions; Successive differentiation: Calculation of the nth derivatives, Leibnitz theorem; Partial differentiation, Euler's theorem on homogeneous functions.

Unit – 2 **(20 hours)**

Mean Value Theorems and its Applications

Rolle's theorem, Mean value theorems and applications to monotonic functions and inequalities; Expansion of functions: Taylor's theorem, Taylor's series, Maclaurin's series expansion of e^x , $\sin x$, $\cos x$, $\log(1+x)$ and $(1+x)^m$; Indeterminate forms.

Unit – 3 **(20 hours)**

Tracing of Curves

Concavity and inflexion points, Asymptotes (parallel to axes and oblique), Relative extrema, Tracing graphs of polynomial functions, rational functions, and polar equations.

Practical component (if any) – NIL

Essential Readings

- Anton, Howard, Bivens, Irl, & Davis, Stephen (2013). Calculus (10th ed.). Wiley India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi. International Student Version. Indian Reprint 2016.
- Prasad, Gorakh (2016). Differential Calculus (19th ed.). Pothishala Pvt. Ltd. Allahabad.

Suggestive Reading

- Thomas Jr., George B., Weir, Maurice D., & Hass, Joel (2014). Thomas' Calculus (13th ed.). Pearson Education, Delhi. Indian Reprint 2017.

Note: Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination Branch, University of Delhi, from time to time.

GENERIC ELECTIVES: THEORY OF EQUATIONS AND SYMMETRIES

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course (if any)
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		
Theory of Equations and Symmetries	4	3	1	0	Class XII pass with Mathematics	NIL

Learning Objectives

The goal of this course is to acquaint students with certain ideas about:

- Integral roots, rational roots, an upper bound on number of positive or negative roots of a polynomial.
- Finding roots of cubic and quartic equations in special cases using elementary symmetric functions.
- Using Cardon's and Descartes' methods, respectively.

Learning outcomes

After completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the nature of the roots of polynomial equations and their symmetries.
- Solve cubic and quartic polynomial equations with special condition on roots and in general.
- Find symmetric functions in terms of the elementary symmetric polynomials.

SYLLABUS OF GE

Theory

Unit - 1

(24 hours)

Polynomial Equations and Properties

General properties of polynomials and equations; Fundamental theorem of algebra and its consequences; Theorems on imaginary, integral and rational roots; Descartes' rule of signs for positive and negative roots; Relations between the roots and coefficients of equations, Applications to solution of equations when an additional relation among the roots is given; De Moivre's theorem for rational indices, the n th roots of unity and symmetries of the solutions.

Unit - 2

(16 hours)

Cubic and Biquadratic (Quartic) Equations

Transformation of equations (multiplication, reciprocal, increase/diminish in the roots by a given quantity), Removal of terms; Cardon's method of solving cubic and Descartes' method of solving biquadratic equations.

Unit - 3

(20 hours)

Symmetric Functions

Elementary symmetric functions and symmetric functions of the roots of an equation; Newton's theorem on sums of the like powers of the roots; Computation of symmetric functions such as $\sum \alpha^2 \beta$, $\sum \alpha^2 \beta^2$, $\sum \alpha^2 \beta \gamma$, $\sum \frac{1}{\alpha^2 \beta \gamma}$, $\sum \alpha^{-3}$, $\sum (\beta + \gamma - \alpha)^2$, $\sum \frac{\alpha^2 + \beta \gamma}{\beta + \gamma}$, ... of polynomial equations; Transformation of equations by symmetric functions and in general.

Practical component (if any) – NIL

Essential Readings

- Burnside, W.S., & Panton, A.W. (1979). The Theory of Equations (11th ed.). Vol. 1. Dover Publications, Inc. (4th Indian reprint. S. Chand & Co. New Delhi).
- Dickson, Leonard Eugene (2009). First Course in the Theory of Equations. John Wiley & Sons, Inc. The Project Gutenberg eBook: <http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/29785>

Suggestive Reading

- Prasad, Chandrika (2017). Text Book of Algebra and Theory of Equations. Pothishala Pvt Ltd.

UNIVERSITY OF DELHI

CNC-II/093/1(23)/2022-23/451

Dated: 03.03.2023

NOTIFICATION

Sub: Amendment to Ordinance V

[E.C Resolution No. 38-1/ (38-1-4) dated 08.12.2022]

Following addition be made to Appendix-II-A to the Ordinance V (2-A) of the Ordinances of the University;

Add the following:

Syllabi of Semester-II of the following departments under Faculty of Mathematical Sciences based on Under Graduate Curriculum Framework -2022 to be implemented from the Academic Year 2022-23.

FACULTY OF MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

Category-I

B.Sc. (Hons.) Mathematics

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE – 4: LINEAR ALGEBRA

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course (if any)
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		
Linear Algebra	4	3	1	0	Class XII pass with Mathematics	DSC-I: Algebra

Learning Objectives: The objective of the course is to introduce:

- The concept of vectors in R^n , and their linear independence and dependence.
- Rank and nullity of linear transformations through matrices.
- Various applications of vectors in computer graphics and movements in plane.

Learning Outcomes: This course will enable the students to:

- Visualize the space R^n in terms of vectors and their interrelation with matrices.
- Familiarize with basic concepts in vector spaces, linear independence and span of vectors over a field.
- Learn about the concept of basis and dimension of a vector space.
- Basic concepts of linear transformations, dimension theorem, matrix representation of a linear transformation with application to computer graphics.

SYLLABUS OF DSC-4

UNIT – I: Matrices and System of Linear Equations (18 hours)

Fundamental operations with vectors in Euclidean space R^n , Linear combinations of vectors, Dot product and their properties, Cauchy-Schwarz inequality, Triangle inequality, Solving linear systems using Gaussian elimination, Gauss-Jordan row reduction, Reduced row echelon form, Equivalent systems, Rank and row space, Eigenvalues, Eigenvectors, Eigenspace, Diagonalization, Characteristic polynomial of a matrix, Cayley-Hamilton theorem.

UNIT – II: Introduction to Vector Spaces (12 hours)

Vector spaces, Subspaces, Algebra of subspaces, Linear combination of vectors, Linear span, Linear independence, Bases and dimension, Dimension of subspaces.

UNIT – III: Linear Transformations (15 hours)

Linear transformations, Null space, Range, Rank and nullity of a linear transformation, Matrix representation of a linear transformation, Algebra of linear transformations, Invertibility and isomorphisms; Application: Computer Graphics-Fundamental movements in a plane, homogenous coordinates, composition of movements.

Essential Readings

1. Andrilli, S., & Hecker, D. (2016). *Elementary Linear Algebra* (5th ed.). Elsevier India.
2. Friedberg, Stephen H., Insel, Arnold J., & Spence, Lawrence E. (2003). *Linear Algebra* (4th ed.). Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.

Suggestive Readings

- Lay, David C., Lay, Steven R., & McDonald, Judi J. (2016). *Linear Algebra and its Applications* (5th ed.). Pearson Education.
- Kolman, Bernard, & Hill, David R. (2001). *Introductory Linear Algebra with Applications* (7th ed.). Pearson Education, Delhi. First Indian Reprint 2003.
- Hoffman, Kenneth, & Kunze, Ray Alden (1978). *Linear Algebra* (2nd ed.). Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Limited. Delhi. Pearson Education India Reprint, 2015.

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE – 5: CALCULUS

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course (if any)
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		
Calculus	4	3	1	0	Class XII pass with Mathematics	DSC-2: Elementary Real Analysis

Learning Objectives: The primary objective of this course is:

- To introduce the basic tools of calculus, also known as ‘science of variation’.
- To provide a way of viewing and analyzing the real-world.

Learning Outcomes: This course will enable the students to understand:

- The notion of limits, continuity and uniform continuity of functions.
- Geometrical properties of continuous functions on closed and bounded intervals.
- Applications of derivative, relative extrema and mean value theorems.
- Higher order derivatives, Taylor’s theorem, indeterminate forms and tracing of curves.

SYLLABUS OF DSC-5

UNIT – I: Limits and Continuity (15 hours)

Limits of functions ($\varepsilon - \delta$ and sequential approach), Algebra of limits, Squeeze theorem, One-sided limits, Infinite limits and limits at infinity; Continuous functions and its properties on closed and bounded intervals; Uniform continuity.

UNIT – II: Differentiability and Mean Value Theorems (15 hours)

Differentiability of a real-valued function, Algebra of differentiable functions, Chain rule, Relative extrema, Interior extremum theorem, Rolle’s theorem, Mean-value theorem and its applications, Intermediate value theorem for derivatives.

UNIT – III: (15 hours)

Successive Differentiation, Taylor’s Theorem and Tracing of Plane Curves

Higher order derivatives and calculation of the n th derivative, Leibnitz’s theorem; Taylor’s theorem, Taylor’s series expansions of e^x , $\sin x$, $\cos x$. Indeterminate forms, L’Hôpital’s rule; Concavity and inflexion points; Singular points, Asymptotes, Tracing graphs of rational functions and polar equations.

Essential Readings

1. Anton, Howard, Bivens, Irl, & Davis, Stephen (2013). *Calculus* (10th ed.). John Wiley & Sons Singapore Pvt. Ltd. Reprint (2016) by Wiley India Pvt. Ltd. Delhi.
2. Bartle, Robert G., & Sherbert, Donald R. (2011). *Introduction to Real Analysis* (4th ed.). John Wiley & Sons. Wiley India edition reprint.

3. Prasad, Gorakh (2016). *Differential Calculus* (19th ed.). Pothishala Pvt. Ltd. Allahabad.
4. Ross, Kenneth A. (2013). *Elementary Analysis: The Theory of Calculus* (2nd ed.). Undergraduate Texts in Mathematics, Springer. Indian reprint.

Suggestive Readings

- Apostol, T. M. (2007). *Calculus: One-Variable Calculus with an Introduction to Linear Algebra* (2nd ed.). Vol. 1. Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
- Ghorpade, Sudhir R. & Limaye, B. V. (2006). *A Course in Calculus and Real Analysis*. Undergraduate Texts in Mathematics, Springer (SIE). Indian reprint.

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE – 6: ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course (if any)
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		
Ordinary Differential Equations	4	3	0	1	Class XII pass with Mathematics	NIL

Learning Objectives: The main objective of this course is to introduce the students:

- The exciting world of differential equations.
- Their applications and mathematical modeling.

Learning Outcomes: The course will enable the students to:

- Learn the basics of differential equations and compartmental models.
- Formulate differential equations for various mathematical models.
- Solve first order non-linear differential equations, linear differential equations of higher order and system of linear differential equations using various techniques.
- Apply these techniques to solve and analyze various mathematical models.

SYLLABUS OF DSC-6

UNIT – I: First-Order Differential Equations (12 hours)

Concept of implicit, general and singular solutions for the first order ordinary differential equation; Bernoulli's equation, Exact equations, Integrating factors, Initial value problems, Reducible second order differential equations; Applications of first order differential equations to Newton's law of cooling, exponential growth and decay problems.

UNIT – II: Second and Higher-Order Differential Equations (18 hours)

General solution of homogenous equation of second order, Principle of superposition for a homogenous equation, Wronskian and its properties, Linear homogeneous and non-homogeneous equations of higher order with constant coefficients, Method of variation of parameters, Method of undetermined coefficients, Two-point boundary value problems, Cauchy- Euler's equation, System of linear differential equations, Application of second order differential equation: Simple pendulum problem.

UNIT – III: Formulation and Analysis of Mathematical Models (15 hours)

Introduction to compartmental models, Lake pollution model; Density-dependent growth model, Interacting population models, Epidemic model of influenza and its analysis, Predator-prey model and its analysis, Equilibrium points, Interpretation of phase plane

Practical (30 hours)- Practical / Lab work to be performed in a Computer Lab:

Modeling of the following problems using SageMath/Mathematica/MATLAB/Maple/Maxima/Scilab etc.

1. Solutions of first, second and third order differential equations.
2. Plotting of family of solutions of differential equations of first, second and third order.
3. Solution of differential equations using method of variation of parameters.
4. Growth and decay model (exponential case only).
5. Lake pollution model (with constant/seasonal flow and pollution concentration).
6. Density-dependent growth model.
7. Predatory-prey model (basic Volterra model, with density dependence, effect of DDT, two prey one predator).
8. Epidemic model of influenza (basic epidemic model, contagious for life, disease with carriers).

Essential Readings

1. Barnes, Belinda & Fulford, Glenn R. (2015). *Mathematical Modeling with Case Studies, Using Maple and MATLAB* (3rd ed.). CRC Press. Taylor & Francis Group.
2. Edwards, C. Henry, Penney, David E., & Calvis, David T. (2015). *Differential Equations and Boundary Value Problems: Computing and Modeling* (5th ed.). Pearson Education.
3. Ross, Shepley L. (2014). *Differential Equations* (3rd ed.). Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.

Suggestive Reading

- Simmons, George F. (2017). *Differential Equations with Applications and Historical Notes* (3rd ed.). CRC Press. Taylor & Francis Group.

Note: Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination Branch, University of Delhi, from time to time.

BA. (Prog.) with Mathematics as Major

Category II

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE (DSC-2): ANALYTIC GEOMETRY

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course (if any)
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		
Analytic Geometry	4	3	1	0	Class XII pass with Mathematics	NIL

Learning Objectives: The course aims at:

- Identifying and sketching curves, studying three dimensional objects, their geometric properties and applications.
- Use of vector approach to three-dimensional geometry makes the study simple and elegant.

Learning Outcomes: This course will enable the students to:

- Learn concepts in two-dimensional geometry.
- Identify and sketch conics namely, ellipse, parabola and hyperbola.
- Learn about three-dimensional objects such as straight lines and planes using vectors, spheres, cones and cylinders.

SYLLABUS OF DSC-2

UNIT – I: Conic Sections

(15 hours)

Techniques for sketching parabola, ellipse and hyperbola; Reflection properties of parabola, ellipse, hyperbola, and their applications to signals; Classification of quadratic equation representing lines, parabola, ellipse and hyperbola; Rotation of axes; Second degree equations.

UNIT – II: Vectors, Lines and Planes

(18 hours)

Rectangular coordinates in 3-dimensional space, vectors viewed geometrically, vectors in coordinate systems and vectors determined by length and angle; Dot product; Projections; Cross product, scalar triple product, vector triple product and their geometrical properties; Parametric equations of lines, direction cosines and direction ratios of a line, vector and symmetric equations of lines, angle between two lines; Planes in 3-dimensional space, coplanarity of two lines, angle between two planes, distance of a point from a plane, angle between a line and a plane, distance between parallel planes; Shortest distance between two skew lines.

UNIT – III: Sphere, Cone and Cylinder**(12 hours)**

Equation of a sphere, plane section of sphere, tangents and tangent plane to a sphere; Equation of a cone, enveloping cone of a sphere, Reciprocal cones and right circular cone; Equation of a cylinder, enveloping cylinder and right circular cylinder.

Essential Readings

1. Anton, Howard, Bivens, Irl, & Davis, Stephen (2013). *Calculus* (10th ed.). John Wiley & Sons Singapore Pte. Ltd. Indian reprint (2016) by Wiley India Pvt. Ltd. Delhi.
2. Narayan, Shanti & Mittal, P. K. (2007). *Analytical Solid Geometry*. S. Chand & Company Pvt Ltd. India.

Suggestive Readings

- Bell, Robert J.T. (1972). *An Elementary Treatise on Coordinate Geometry of Three Dimensions*. Macmillan & Co. Ltd. London.
- George B. Thomas, Jr., & Ross L. Finney (2012). *Calculus and Analytic Geometry* (9th ed.). Pearson Indian Education Services Pvt Ltd. India.

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE – 2 (Discipline A-2): Elementary Linear Algebra
CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course (if any)
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		
Elementary Linear Algebra	4	3	1	0	Class XII pass with Mathematics	NIL

Learning Objectives: The objective of the course is:

- To introduce the concept of vectors in R^n .
- Understanding the nature of solution of system of linear equations.
- To view the $m \times n$ matrices as a linear function from R^n to R^m and vice versa.
- To introduce the concepts of linear independence and dependence, rank and linear transformations has been explained through matrices.

Learning Outcomes: This course will enable the students to:

- Visualize the space R^n in terms of vectors and the interrelation of vectors with matrices.
- Familiarize with concepts of bases, dimension and minimal spanning sets in vector spaces.
- Learn about linear transformation and its corresponding matrix.

SYLLABUS OF DSC-2

UNIT – I: Euclidean Space R^n and Matrices (18 hours)

Fundamental operations with vectors in Euclidean space R^n , Linear combinations of vectors, Dot product and their properties, Cauchy-Schwarz inequality, Triangle inequality, Solving system of linear equations using Gaussian elimination, Application: Curve Fitting, Gauss-Jordan row reduction, Reduced row echelon form, Application: Solving several systems simultaneously, Equivalent systems, Rank and row space of a matrix, Eigenvalues, Eigenvectors, Eigenspace, Diagonalization, Characteristic polynomial of a matrix.

UNIT – II: Introduction to Vector Spaces (12 hours)

Definition, Examples and some elementary properties of vector spaces, Subspaces, Span, Linear independence and linear dependence of vectors, Basis and dimension of a vector space, Maximal linearly independent sets, Minimal spanning sets.

UNIT – II: Linear Transformations (15 hours)

Linear transformations: Definition, Examples and elementary properties, The matrix of a linear transformation, Kernel and range of a linear transformation, The dimension theorem, one-to-one and onto linear transformations, Invertible linear transformations, Isomorphic vector spaces.

Essential Reading

1. Andrilli, S., & Hecker, D. (2016). *Elementary Linear Algebra* (5th ed.). Elsevier India.

Suggestive Readings

- Lay, David C., Lay, Steven R., & McDonald, Judi J. (2016). *Linear Algebra and its Applications* (5th ed.). Pearson Education.
- Kolman, Bernard, & Hill, David R. (2001). *Introductory Linear Algebra with Applications* (7th ed.). Pearson Education, Delhi. First Indian Reprint 2003.

B.Sc. (Prog.)/ BA (Prog.) with Mathematics as Non-Major Category-III

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE – 2 (Discipline A-2): Elementary Linear Algebra

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course (if any)
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		
Elementary Linear Algebra	4	3	1	0	Class XII pass with Mathematics	NIL

Learning Objectives: The objective of the course is:

- To introduce the concept of vectors in R^n .
- Understand the nature of solution of system of linear equations.
- To view the $m \times n$ matrices as a linear function from R^n to R^m and vice versa.
- To introduce the concepts of linear independence and dependence, rank and linear transformations has been explained through matrices.

Learning Outcomes: This course will enable the students to:

- Visualize the space R^n in terms of vectors and the interrelation of vectors with matrices.
- Familiarize with concepts of bases, dimension and minimal spanning sets in vector spaces.
- Learn about linear transformation and its corresponding matrix.

SYLLABUS OF DSC-2

UNIT – I: Euclidean Space R^n and Matrices (18 hours)

Fundamental operations with vectors in Euclidean space R^n , Linear combinations of vectors, Dot product and their properties, Cauchy-Schwarz inequality, Triangle inequality, Solving system of linear equations using Gaussian elimination, Application: Curve Fitting, Gauss-Jordan row reduction, Reduced row echelon form, Application: Solving several systems simultaneously, Equivalent systems, Rank and row space of a matrix, Eigenvalues, Eigenvectors, Eigenspace, Diagonalization, Characteristic polynomial of a matrix.

UNIT – II: Introduction to Vector Spaces (12 hours)

Definition, Examples and some elementary properties of vector spaces, Subspaces, Span, Linear independence and linear dependence of vectors, Basis and dimension of a vector space, Maximal linearly independent sets, Minimal spanning sets.

UNIT – III: Linear Transformations (15 hours)

Linear transformations: Definition, Examples and elementary properties, The matrix of a linear transformation, Kernel and range of a linear transformation, The dimension theorem, one-to-one and onto linear transformations, Invertible linear transformations, Isomorphic vector spaces.

Essential Reading

1. Andrilli, S., & Hecker, D. (2016). *Elementary Linear Algebra* (5th ed.). Elsevier India.

Suggestive Readings

- Lay, David C., Lay, Steven R., & McDonald, Judi J. (2016). *Linear Algebra and its Applications* (5th ed.). Pearson Education.
- Kolman, Bernard, & Hill, David R. (2001). *Introductory Linear Algebra with Applications* (7th ed.). Pearson Education, Delhi. First Indian Reprint 2003.

(Category-IV)
**COMMON POOL OF GENERIC ELECTIVES (GE) COURSES OFFERED
 BY THE DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS**

GENERIC ELECTIVES (GE-2(i)): ANALYTIC GEOMETRY

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		
Analytic Geometry	4	3	1	0	Class XII pass with Mathematics	NIL

Learning Objectives: The course aims at:

- Identifying and sketching curves, studying three dimensional objects, their geometric properties and applications.
- Use of vector approach to three-dimensional geometry makes the study simple and elegant.

Learning Outcomes: This course will enable the students to:

- Learn concepts in two-dimensional geometry.
- Identify and sketch conics namely, ellipse, parabola and hyperbola.
- Learn about three-dimensional objects such as straight lines and planes using vectors, spheres, cones and cylinders.

SYLLABUS OF GE-2(i)

UNIT – I: Conic Sections (15 hours)

Techniques for sketching parabola, ellipse and hyperbola; Reflection properties of parabola, ellipse, hyperbola, and their applications to signals; Classification of quadratic equation representing lines, parabola, ellipse and hyperbola; Rotation of axes; Second degree equations.

UNIT – II: Vectors, Lines and Planes (18 hours)

Rectangular coordinates in 3-dimensional space, vectors viewed geometrically, vectors in coordinate systems and vectors determined by length and angle; Dot product; Projections; Cross product, scalar triple product, vector triple product and their geometrical properties; Parametric equations of lines, direction cosines and direction ratios of a line, vector and symmetric equations of lines, angle between two lines; Planes in 3-dimensional space, coplanarity of two lines, angle between two planes, distance of a point from a plane, angle between a line and a plane, distance between parallel planes; Shortest distance between two skew lines.

UNIT – III: Sphere, Cone and Cylinder**(12 hours)**

Equation of a sphere, plane section of sphere, tangents and tangent plane to a sphere; Equation of a cone, enveloping cone of a sphere, Reciprocal cones and right circular cone; Equation of a cylinder, enveloping cylinder and right circular cylinder.

Recommended Readings:

1. Anton, Howard, Bivens, Irl, & Davis, Stephen (2013). *Calculus* (10th ed.). John Wiley & Sons Singapore Pte. Ltd. Indian reprint (2016) by Wiley India Pvt. Ltd. Delhi.
2. Narayan, Shanti & Mittal, P. K. (2007). *Analytical Solid Geometry*. S. Chand & Company Pvt Ltd. India.

Suggestive Readings:

- Bell, Robert J.T. (1972). *An Elementary Treatise on Coordinate Geometry of Three Dimensions*. Macmillan & Co. Ltd. London.
- George B. Thomas, Jr., & Ross L. Finney (2012). *Calculus and Analytic Geometry* (9th ed.). Pearson Indian Education Services Pvt Ltd. India.

GENERIC ELECTIVES (GE-2(ii)): INTRODUCTION TO LINEAR ALGEBRA**CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE**

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		
Introduction to Linear Algebra	4	3	1	0	Class XII pass with Mathematics	NIL

Learning Objectives: The objective of the course is:

- To introduce the concept of vectors in R^n .
- Understand the nature of solution of system of linear equations.
- To view the $m \times n$ matrices as a linear function from R^n to R^m and vice versa.
- To introduce the concepts of linear independence and dependence, rank and linear transformations has been explained through matrices.

Learning Outcomes: This course will enable the students to:

- Visualize the space R^n in terms of vectors and the interrelation of vectors with matrices.
- Understand important uses of eigenvalues and eigenvectors in the diagonalization of matrices.
- Familiarize with concepts of bases, dimension and minimal spanning sets in vector spaces.
- Learn about linear transformation and its corresponding matrix.

SYLLABUS OF GE-2(ii)

UNIT – I: Vectors and Matrices **(18 hours)**

Fundamental operations and properties of vectors in R^n , Linear combinations of vectors, Dot product and their properties, Cauchy-Schwarz and triangle inequality, Orthogonal and parallel vectors; Solving system of linear equations using Gaussian elimination, and Gauss-Jordan row reduction, Reduced row echelon form; Equivalent systems, Rank and row space of a matrix; Eigenvalues, eigenvectors and characteristic polynomial of a square matrix; Diagonalization.

UNIT – II: Vector Spaces **(12 hours)**

Definition, examples and some elementary properties of vector spaces; Subspaces, Span, Linear independence and dependence; Basis and dimension of a vector space; Diagonalization and bases.

UNIT – III: Linear Transformations **(15 hours)**

Definition, examples and elementary properties of linear transformations; The matrix of a linear transformation; Kernel and range of a linear transformation, The dimension theorem, one-to-one and onto linear transformations.

Essential Reading

1. Andrilli, S., & Hecker, D. (2016). *Elementary Linear Algebra* (5th ed.). Elsevier India.

Suggestive Reading

- Kolman, Bernard, & Hill, David R. (2001). *Introductory Linear Algebra with Applications* (7th ed.). Pearson Education, Delhi. First Indian Reprint 2003.